3.3 Further Trigonometric Equations

Question Paper

Course	CIE A Level Maths
Section	3. Trigonometry
Topic	3.3 Further Trigonometric Equations
Difficulty	Hard

Time allowed: 50

Score: /37

Percentage: /100

Solve the equation $\sec^2 2x = 1 + \tan 2x$ for $0^\circ \le x \le 180^\circ$.

[4 marks]

Question 2

Given that

$$\sin(2A^{\circ} - B^{\circ}) = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$$

and that

$$3A = 4B$$
 and $60^{\circ} < B^{\circ} < A^{\circ} < 300^{\circ}$

find the values of A and B.

[4 marks]

Solve the equation

$$\frac{\cos x}{\csc x} - \cot x = 0, \qquad -2\pi \le x \le 2\pi$$

[4 marks]

Question 4a

(a) Show that $6\cos\theta - 8\sin\theta$ can be written in the form $R\cos(\theta + \alpha)$, where R > 0 and α is an acute angle measured in radians.

[3 marks]

Question 4b

(b) Hence, or otherwise, solve the equation $3\cos\theta-4\sin\theta-2=0$, for $0\le x\le 2\pi$. Give your answers to three significant figures.

[3 marks]

Question 4c

(c) Write down the minimum value of $6\cos\theta - 8\sin\theta$ and the smallest positive value of θ for which it occurs. Give your value of θ to three significant figures.

[2 marks]

Question 5

Solve the equation

$$2 \cot^2 x = 8 - \csc x$$
, $-\pi \le x \le \pi$

giving your answers to three significant figures where appropriate.

[4 marks]

Solve the equation

$$8\cos^4\theta - 5\cos 2\theta - 2 = 0 \qquad 0 \le \theta \le \pi$$

State your answers as multiples of π .

[5 marks]

Determine the values of the constant k for which the equation

$$\csc \theta = k$$
, $-\pi \le \theta \le 2\pi$

has

- (i) no real solutions,
- (ii) 1 real solution,
- (iii) 2 real solutions,
- (iv) 4 real solutions

[4 marks]

Question 8

Solve the equation

$$\cot^2 \theta = 15 - 6 \csc \theta, \qquad -180^\circ \le \theta \le 180^\circ$$

Give your answers to one decimal place where appropriate.

[4 marks]

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